



# Lean Burst (Mini Project)

November 2015

# Agenda

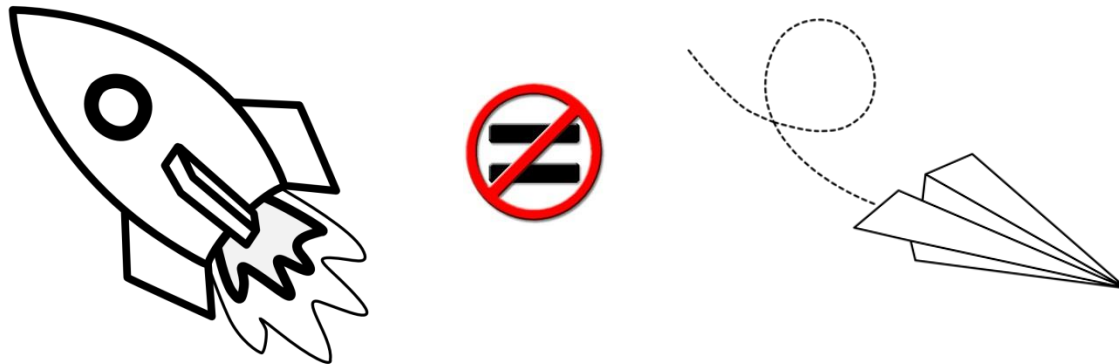
- Project Characteristics
- Project Classifications
  - Just Do It (JDI)
  - Lean Burst
  - Lean Project
- Lean Burst Stages
- Lean Burst Report Out / Close Out

# Identifying Projects

Projects come in all shapes and sizes.

*“Not all projects are created equally”*

What makes sense when building a spaceship does not apply when building a paper airplane!

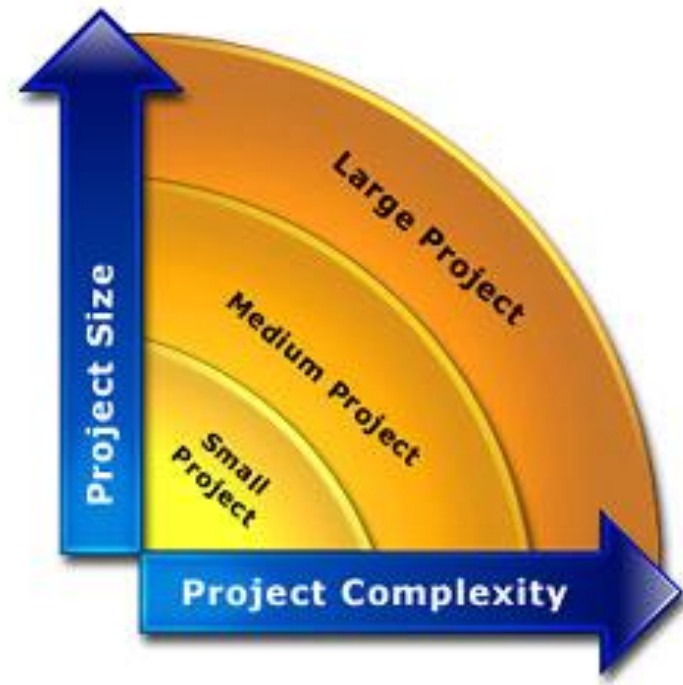


# Project Tailoring

The characteristics of a project should be considered to determine what methodology, rigor, and oversight to apply.

When initiating projects, the process of **Project Tailoring** should be applied to determine the boundaries within which the project will operate.

The goal is to maximize the amount of work not done!



# Project Characteristics

Classifying a project can be subjective. However, there are multiple objective characteristics of a project that should be considered when determining what approach makes sense.



# Types of NY Lean Projects

- Just Do It
  - A simple, obvious improvement that does not require financial investment or management/executive level approval.
- Lean Burst
  - A step up from a JDI. A Lean Burst may include more than one person and reach across multiple divisions within the same agency.
- Lean Project
  - A structured project, typically identified and supported by a Lean Champion. Value Stream Mapping, Kaizen Participation, and Project Follow Up are required.

# Classifying Projects by Characteristics

Characteristic	Lean Burst	Lean Project
Budget	Little or no cost to the organization	May have moderate or significant cost associated
Organizational Impact	Project is confined to a single department	Reaches across multiple departments; enterprise-wide
Touch Points / Workflow	Few	May be more
Authority	Management level or less	Executive Level
Systems Affected	No new systems are affected; leverage existing capabilities	New tools/capabilities may be required for implementation

*\*note – these are not hard and fast rules; this is where subjectivity comes into play.*

# Project Characteristics

## Budget

### Lean Burst

Little or no cost to the organization



### Lean Project

May have moderate or significant cost associated



Does your organization have budgetary thresholds for projects?

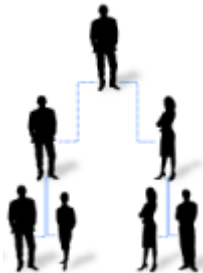


# Project Characteristics

## Organizational Impact

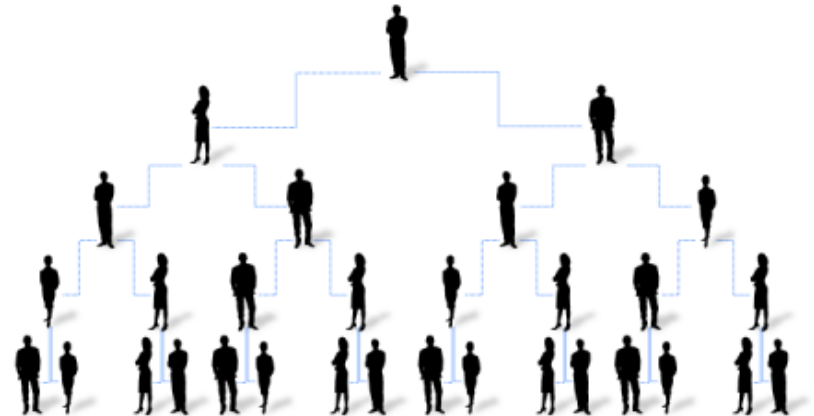
### Lean Burst

Confined to a single business area



### Lean Project

Reaches across multiple departments; enterprise-wide



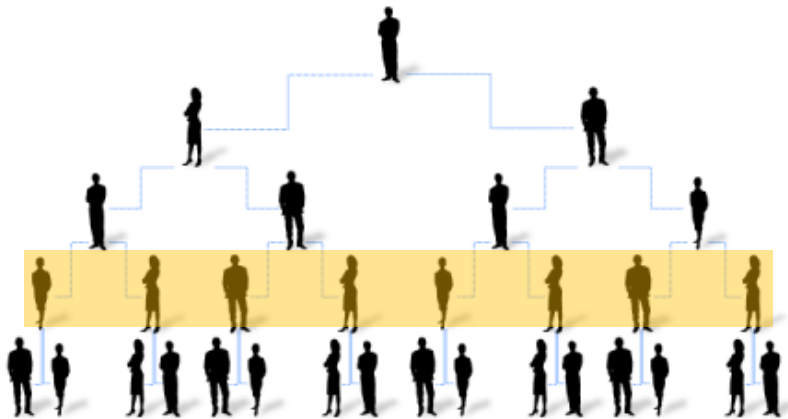
What areas does your project touch in the organization?

# Project Characteristics

## Authority

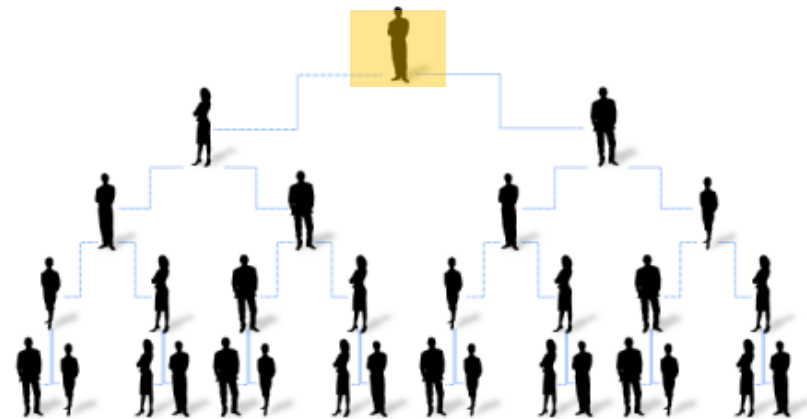
### Lean Burst

Management Level



### Lean Project

Executive Level



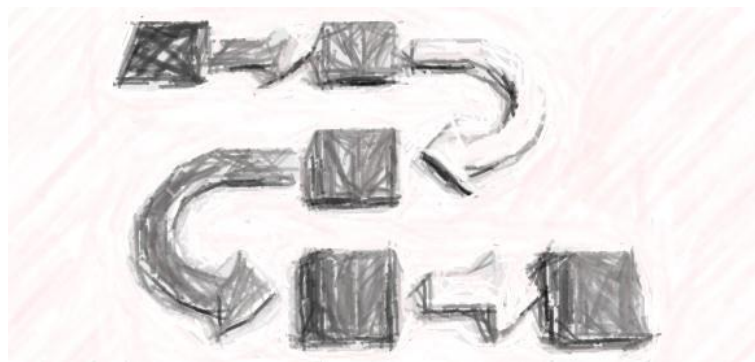
Where does the decision to implement reside?

# Project Characteristics

## Workflow Touch Points

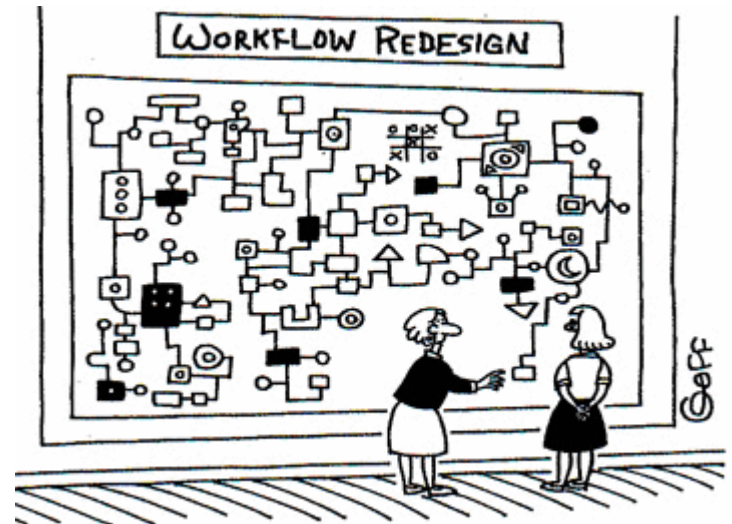
### Lean Burst

Few



### Lean Project

Many



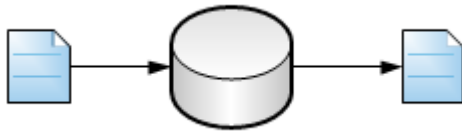
How many handoffs does the process entail?

# Project Characteristics

## Systems Impacted

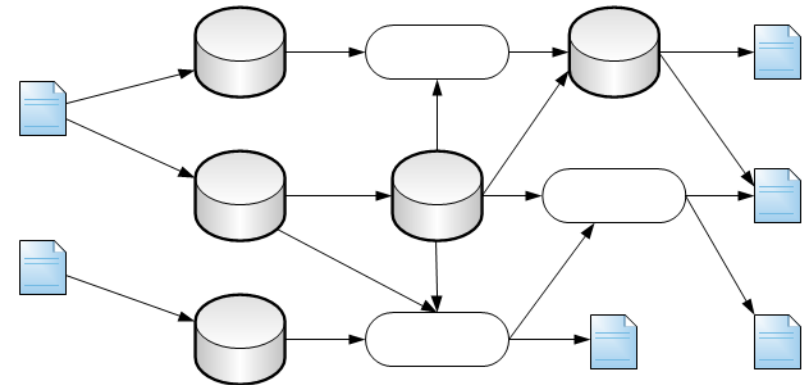
### Lean Burst

Few



### Lean Project

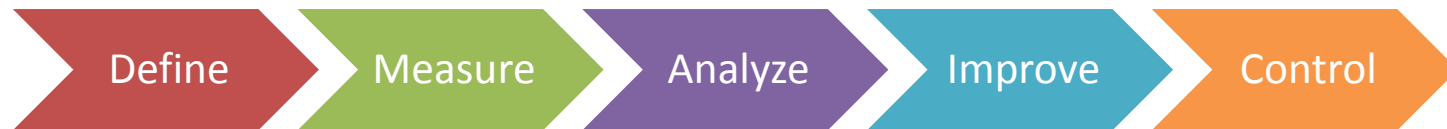
Many



How many systems & inputs/outputs does the project impact?

# Lean Burst - Problem Solving Methodology

## DMAIC Methodology for Problem Solving



- **DEFINE:** Project purpose and scope
- **MEASURE:** Current performance
- **ANALYZE:** Root cause & propose solution set
- **IMPROVE:** By removing variation and non-value added activities
- **CONTROL:** The gains into the Future

# Define

**Purpose:** Define business problem and opportunity; Lay the ground work for the project

## Key Tools:

- Charter
  - Problem Statement
  - Goal - SMART
  - In Scope / Out of Scope
  - Team Members
- Project Plan
- Value Stream Mapping
- Potential Project Impact

# Measure

**Purpose:** Measure the problem, assess process performance

## **Key Tools:**

- Data Collection
- Voice of Customer
- Fishbone Diagram
- FMEA
- Graphical Representation
- Revised Value Stream Map
- Just-Do-Its

# Analyze

**Purpose:** Often intertwined with the Measure Phase, the purpose of the Analyze Phase is to understand the data

## Key Tools:

- Data Analysis
- Value Add Analysis – Looking at the process through the customer's eyes
- Root Cause Analysis – Understand and verify the cause of the problem
- Value Stream Mapping (Future State)



# Improve

**Purpose:** Develop Solutions to improve process capability and compare the results to the baseline performance.

## Key Tools:

- Waste Elimination (5S)
- Poka-Yoke – Mistake Proofing
- Standardized Operating Procedures
- Training
- Documented Improvement or Action Plan

# Control

**Purpose:** Roll out solution, execute control plan and transition to process owners.

## **Key Tools:**

- Training
- Improvement Plan
- Control Plan
- Celebrate Success!

# Lean Burst Report Out

## I. Overview

Project Description:

Project Outcome:

Project POC:

Champion:

## II. Status

Month/Year

Event

Status

## III. Metrics

Key Metrics (From Scorecard)

## IV. Benefit Analysis

Project Benefits:

# Questions?